

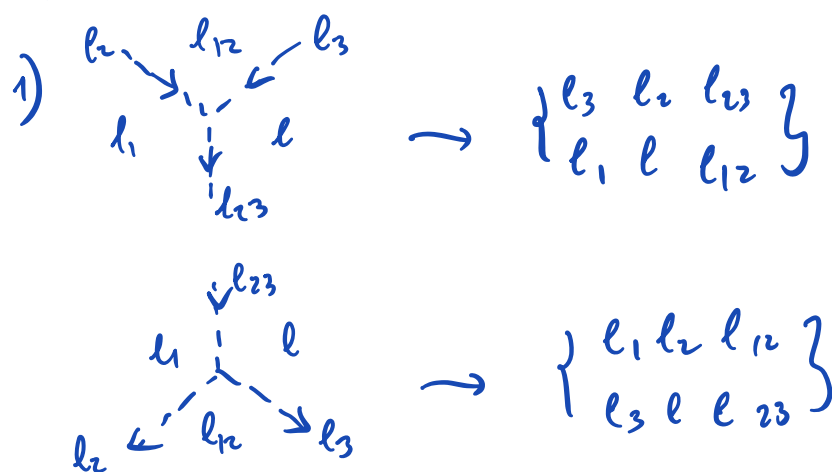
Lect - 7

Last time:

- $q-6j$ symbols
- "the world of shadows" or putting states on faces

1. Review of lecture 6.
2. Invariants of framed links colored by $U_q(\mathfrak{g})$ -modules in the "states on faces" model

Recall that we arrived to the following graphical calculus:



Remark Taking into account the orientation of $\mathbb{R}^2$ the coloring should satisfy the rule

$V_{l_1} \otimes V_{l_2} = V_{l_{12}}$

The relations between $q-6j$ symbols now can be written as relations between

diagrams in the preimage of the above
correspondence:

$$\sum_{e_{12}} \begin{array}{c} l_1 \quad l_2 \\ \searrow \quad \swarrow \\ e' \quad e'' \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_{12} \quad e'' \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_1 \quad l_2 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ e' \quad e'' \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_1 \quad l_2 \end{array} = \delta_{ee''}$$

$$\sum_e \begin{array}{c} l_2 \quad l_3 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_1 \quad e \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_2 \quad l_3 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_1 \quad e \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_2 \quad l_3 \end{array} = \delta_{e'e''}$$

$$2) \begin{array}{c} l_2 \quad l_{12} \quad l_3 \\ \searrow \quad \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_1 \quad e \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_{13} \end{array} \rightarrow (-1)^{l_{13}+l_{12}-l_1-l} q^{\frac{1}{2}(c_l+c_{l_1}-c_{l_{12}}-c_{l_{13}})} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} l_3 \quad l_1 \quad l_{13} \\ l_2 \quad e \quad l_{12} \end{array} \right\}$$

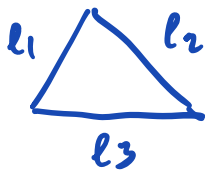
$$\begin{array}{c} l_3 \quad l_{13} \quad l_2 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \swarrow \\ l_1 \quad e \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l_{12} \end{array} \rightarrow (-1)^{-l_{13}-l_{12}+l_1+l} q^{-\frac{1}{2}(c_l+c_{l_1}-c_{l_{12}}-c_{l_{13}})} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} l_2 \quad l_1 \quad l_{12} \\ l_3 \quad e \quad l_{13} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$3) \begin{array}{c} e' \quad e'' \\ \searrow \quad \swarrow \\ e' \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} e' \quad e'' \\ \searrow \quad \swarrow \\ e' \quad e' \end{array} \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{c} e \quad e \quad 0 \\ e' \quad e' \quad e'' \end{array} \right\}$$

$$= (-1)^{l+l''-l'} \left(\frac{[2l'+1]}{[2l''+1]} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \delta(l'', l, l')$$

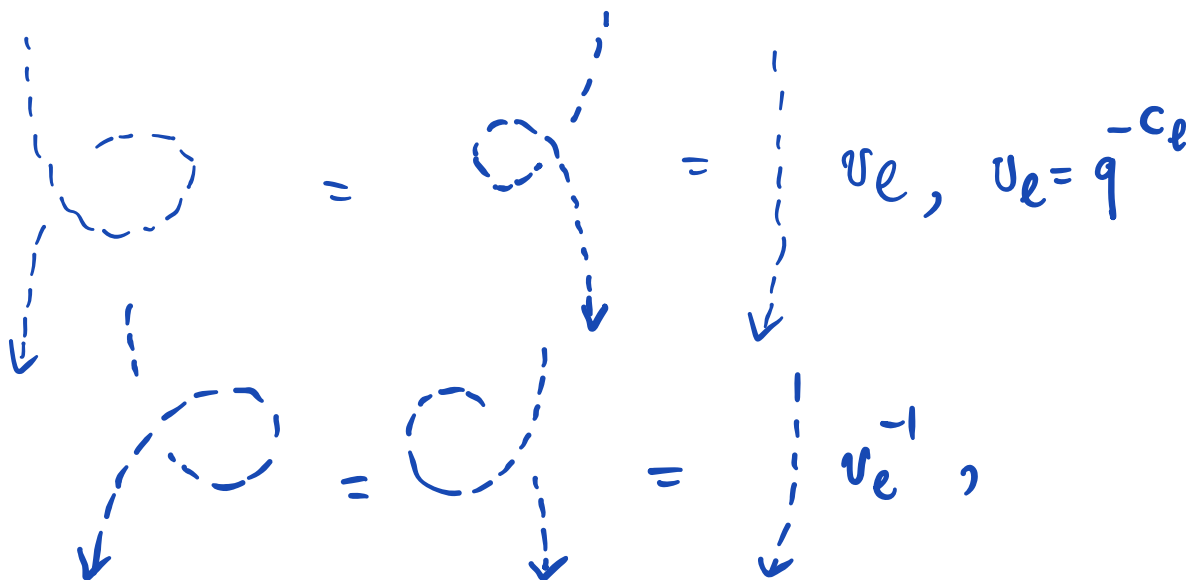
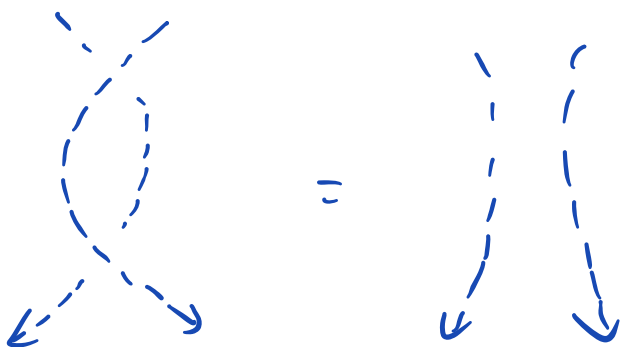
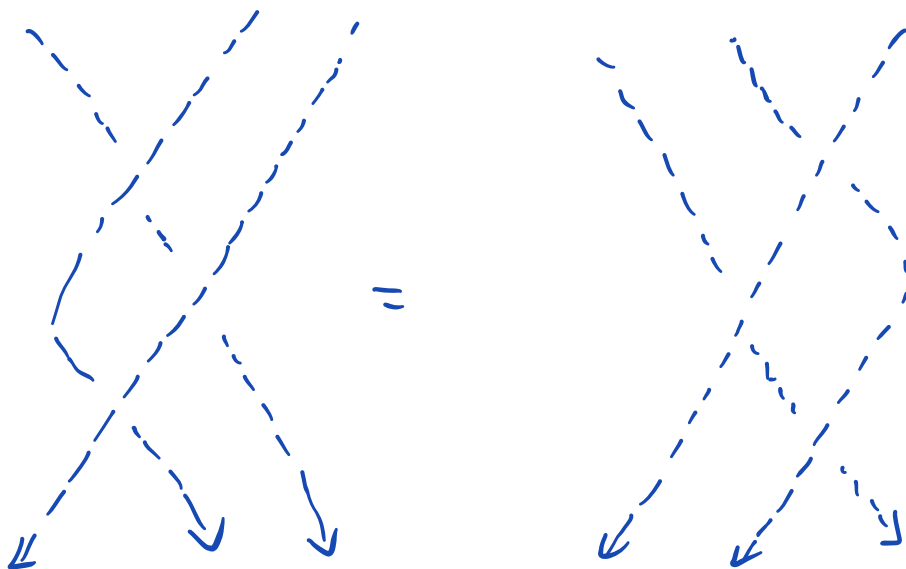
Here $\delta(l_1, l_2, l_3) = \begin{cases} 1, & |l_1 - l_2| \leq l_3 \leq |l_1 + l_2| \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

geometrically $\delta(l_1, l_2, l_3) \neq 0$ if there exists a triangle with side lengths l_1, l_2, l_3



$$\begin{aligned} \begin{array}{c} l'' \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l' \quad l \end{array} &= \begin{array}{c} l'' \quad l'' \\ | \quad | \\ l \quad l \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ l' \end{array} \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} l'' & l & l' \\ l & l'' & 0 \end{array} \right\} = \\ &= (-1)^{l+l''-l'} \left(\frac{[2l'+1]}{[2l''+1]} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \delta(l, l', l'') \end{aligned}$$

Redemeister moves are preimages of corresponding relations between $\uparrow 6j$ symbols



This gives a state sum formula for $U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2)$ -invariants of links in terms of $q-6j$ symbols.

(to be edited)